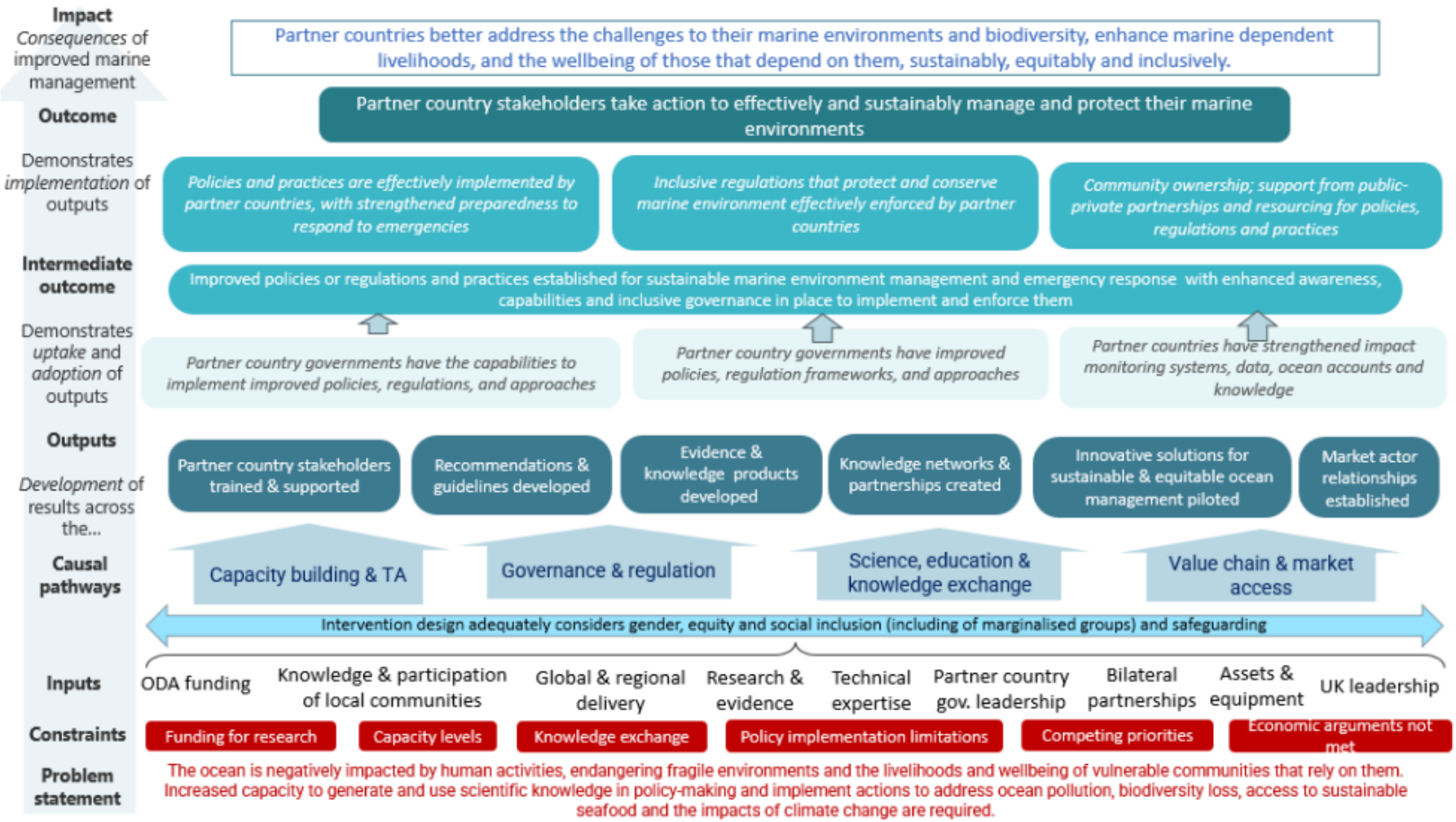
Impact
Consequences of improved marine management
Partner countries better address the challenges to their marine environments and biodiversity, enhance marine dependent livelihoods, and the wellbeing of those that depend on them, sustainably, equitably and inclusively.
Outcome
Partner country stakeholders take action to effectively and sustainably manage and protect their marine environments
Demonstrates implementation of outputs
Policies and practices are effectively implemented by partner countries, with strengthened preparedness to respond to emergencies
Inclusive regulations that protect and conserve marine environment effectively enforced by partner countries
Community ownership; support from public-private partnerships and resourcing for policies, regulations and practices
Intermediate outcome
Improved policies or regulations and practices established for sustainable marine environment management and emergency response with enhanced awareness, capabilities and inclusive governance in place to implement and enforce them
Demonstrates uptake and adoption of outputs
Partner country governments have the capabilities to implement improved policies, regulations, and approaches
Partner country governments have improved policies, regulation frameworks, and approaches
Partner countries have strengthened impact monitoring systems, data, ocean accounts and knowledge
Outputs
Development of results across the...
Partner country stakeholders trained & supported
Recommendations & guidelines developed
Evidence & knowledge products developed
Knowledge networks & partnerships created
Innovative solutions for sustainable & equitable ocean management piloted
Market actor relationships established
Causal pathways
Capacity building & TA
Governance & regulation
Science, education & knowledge exchange
Value chain & market access
Intervention design adequately considers gender, equity and social inclusion (including of marginalised groups) and safeguarding
Inputs
ODA funding
Knowledge & participation of local communities
Global & regional delivery
Research & evidence
Technical expertise
Partner country gov. leadership
Bilateral partnerships
Assets & equipment
UK leadership
Constraints
Funding for research
Capacity levels
Knowledge exchange
Policy implementation limitations
Competing priorities
Economic arguments not met
Problem statement
The ocean is negatively impacted by human activities, endangering fragile environments and the livelihoods and wellbeing of vulnerable communities that rely on them. Increased capacity to generate and use scientific knowledge in policy-making and implement actions to address ocean pollution, biodiversity loss, access to sustainable seafood and the impacts of climate change are required.