Mangrove forests and ecosystem services (fisheries etc) protected and restored, preventing carbon emissions and supporting Impact: security of livelihoods in communities Improved sustainable mangrove forestry and fisheries management implemented Tested implementation models for scaling available to Higher level by coastal communities at Blue Forests sites in Madagascar and Indonesia coastal communities in other geographic locations Outcome: Enhanced and inclusive Mangrove forests better protected Fisheries have improved Community-based Communities benefit from (Intermediate) under local management and blue delivery of healthcare that value, protection and governance structures are alternative livelihoods and/or **Outcomes:** carbon activities in development supports target communities benefits to fishers created and/or improved value chains and/or savings groups LMMA/Local governance in place, Sustainable community mangrove Alternative livelihoods Fisheries management plans or Increased management activities monitored and management plans in place and implemented, value fisheries improvement action enforced through community based access to **Outputs:** implemented with increased capacity in place and supported with chains assessed and health services governance engagement and available of communities in forest management savings groups in place available strengthened data strengthened data Blue carbon and **Fisheries** Livelihood diversification, value Community Community Strategic chains and savings groups forestry management management governance health Pathways: Inputs: **ODA a ICF** Wider community Research & Human Infrastructure funding evidence capacity Resources investment Management, Resource Limited Gender and Limited access to Local Destructive compliance and Health access **Constraints:** dependence practices opportunities social norms save and secure loans governance enforcement Coastal communities face unsustainable mangrove and fisheries exploitation, characterized by insufficient management, low compliance, and complex **Problems:** socio-economic challenges, including poverty, limited access to healthcare, and traditional gender norms that can restrict the participation of women and youth in natural resource management and alternative livelihoods.

